# The National Republican.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1879.

FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

# CURRENT CAPITAL TOPICS.

Probable Proceedings in the Two Houses To-Day.

Army Appropriation Bill in the Senate-A Speech from Senator Blaine-Greenback Calculations in the House-A Possible Miscarriage-Mr. Kelley's Little Bill-A Mild Dischimer.

Congress To-Day.

The debate on the army bill will be opened to-day in the Senate, and probably continue for some time. The interest which was excited by the discussion in the House is likely to be revived and intensified. The debate will call out the ablest efforts of the leading Senators, and form a remarkable chapter in the debates of Congress. The discussion will be opened by Senator Withers, chairman of the subcommittative to to whom the bill was referred. He will be tee to whom the bill was referred. He will be followed by Senator Wallace, and he by Senator Blaine, who were the two other members of the committee. There is a very general desire to hear Mr. Blaine, and the galleries will doubt-less be crowded. The House holds its first ses-sion on a Monday to-day, and the members, especially the Greenbackers, have their pockets full of bills, ready to offer if opportunity pre-sents. Whether all will succeed remains to be seen, as it is in the power of any member, un-der the rules, to call for the reading at length of any or all of the bills introduced. If resort of any or all of the bills introduced. If resort is had to this sort of tactics the week will hardly be sufficient to dispose of the bills now in the hards of members. The State of Maine is the first State called. The first district is represented by Mr. Reed, and the second by Mr. Frye, who should be first recognized; but it is more than probyble that Speaker Randall, with characteristic courtesy, and fairness will recognize Messrs. Ladd and Murch first, and that these gentlemen will be charged with the introduction of those bills considered most im-

subsidiary silver colus whenever presented for redemption in sums of \$5 or multiples thereof; and also provides that the further colunge of trade dollars shall be stopped; that they shall recoined into standard silver dollars of 4121

A Greenback Disclaimer, The following was adopted by the Greenbackers on Saturday :

backers on Saturday:

Whereas it is being industriously circulated that the National Greenback Labor members of Congress have "sold out" to the Democrats for the privilege of having an opportunity to introduce bills providing measures of relief for the suffering labor and business of the country: Therefore

Be it resolved. That we, the members of the National party, in conference assembled, deny the truth of such statements, and condemn the spirit that we may be a margine such misrepresentation.

densed expression of their mutual satisfaction through a commercial treaty, concluded at Ber lin in December last. The principle of the "most favored nation" is perhaps further extended in this treaty than has ever before been attempted by adjoining countries. Because of its remarkable novelty in this respect a copy Department by the United States Minister at Vienna, accompanied with the suggestion that it may at some time become desirable to make its provisions applicable to our commercial reons with Mexico and Canada.

National Emigration Ald Society. The executive committee of the National Emigration Aid Society has completed its organization by electing Senator Windom president, Hon. E. M. McPherson treasurer, and Professor Richard T. Greener secretary. Arrangements have also been completed for perthe association say their appeals for aid have met with favorable responses from philau-thropic persons North and South, irrespective of party.

American Pork Prohibited. The following extract of a dispatch from the consul at Barcetona, Spain, March 24, 1379, has been forwarded by the State to the Treas-Mrs, Dufonr, Miss Mamie Wallace, Katie Frye,

In view of the provalence of triching among hogs in the United States of America the Portugues government, in accordance with the opinion of the Board of Health, has prohibited the importation into the kingdom and the adjacent islands of meat and other hog products coming from that country.

Mrs. Dufour, Miss Mamie Wallace, Katie Frye, and the beneficiary himself. Mr. Gisburna well deserves all his friends can do for him, and will have a crowded house.

A Sunday Evening Wedding.

At six o'clock last evening the German

Republican Senaturial Cancus. The Republican Senators beld a conference on Saturday afternoon to consider the course Dora Jakel. The bride was attired in a handto be pursued in relation to the army approprintion bill, which is now before the Senate. No formal action was taken, but the sentiment ought not to pass-at least in its present shape. ndments which it is proposed to

offer to the bill were discussed, although no proposition was formally adopted. Ex-Collector Smith's Vindication. The following letter was written immediately after the trial of ex-Collector Smith, of New Orleans, who was charged with having, while collector of the port, carried on the custom-house pay-rolls a number of men who performed no work for the Government and knowingly presenting for payment fraudulent

claims against the United States : UNITED STATES ATTORSHY'S OFFICE,
DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA,
NEW ORLEANS, April 2, 1879.

New ORLEANS, April 2, 1879.

Hon. George L. Smith:
DEAR Sin: In relation to the charges presented against you in the United States Circuit Court, trice this morning. I take pleasure in stating that the verdict of the jury acquitting you was entirely just No case was made out against you, and a thorough investigation of the matter prior to the trial satisfied me none could be made out. The indictment should never have been presented as no evidence ever was adduced which authorized it. Congratulating you on your complete virialization. I am yours, &c.,
United States Attorney Louisiann.

The Collegion report of the trial is taken.

The following report of the trial is taken The following report of the trial is taken from the New Orleans Picagones:

The following witnesses were called by the prosecution: A. O. Boyle, Daniel A. Rose, F. A. Conant, and Whilmin Lacey. The substance of their testmony was that at a certain period of the epidemic they were engaged in assisting the Orleans Relief Committee in dispensing supplies and in performing other services in connection with the committee. For the work so performed by them they received compensation from the dovernment by being placed from the temporary labor rell by Collector Smith. For the define the second and Mr. Smith said that when the Government Laued.

Mr. Smith said that when the Government Laued.

the supplies for the yellow-fever sufferers, the Oricans Relief Committee had no force to handle them and no money to employ assistance. Under these circumstances the collector engaged the previous witnesses to assist the committee, and to provide for their pay placed them upon the laborage. res roll.

Mr. Richardson, although counsel for the accused took the stand and corroborated the statements of the ex-collector as to the witnesses assisting the

committee.

District Attorney Leonard arose and said the case was now closed, and in his opinion the Government had failed to make out a case. He did not think the grand jury were justified in finding an indictment under the circumstances, and he would have entered a noile prosecul had not the accused insisted upon a trial.

The case was then submitted to the jury, who returned a verdict of "not guilty" without leaving their sons.

Capitol and Departmental Notes. Revenue receipts on Saturday were—from internal revenue, \$280,971.70; from customs, \$583,744,34,

Outstanding circulation of legal-tender notes and fractional currency: United States notes, new issue, \$17,401,098; United States notes, Series 1859, \$126,181,430; United States notes, series 1874, \$82,324,079; United States notes, series 1878, \$39,632,204; total United States notes, \$146,681,016; fractional currency, \$15,-919,413.85; grand total, \$362,600,429.95. United States notes redeemed, \$334,000.

## THE DEATH PENALTY.

A Woman Sentenced to be Hanged-Judge

Hagner's Remarks on Infanticide.
The time having expired in which a motion for a new trial could be entered in the case of these gentlemen will be charged with the introduction of those bills considered most important by the Greenbackers. Under the rules the call of States terminates in one hour from its commencement, and can only be continued by unanimous consent or under a suspension of the rules.

Redemption of Silver Coins.

Redemption of Silver Coins.

Judge Kelley has prepared and will introduce in the House of Representatives, under number of females present on this occasion, as it is a specific of the killing Louisa Wallace, convicted of the killing of her the call of States to-day, if Penusylvania be it was both a solemn and important one, and a be reached, a bill which is designed to remody lesson might be imputed both instructive and the inconvenience and losses occasioned to workmen and retail dealers by the accumulation in their hands of certain denominations of silver coinage. It proposes to require the Treasury and all Sub-Treasuries of the United States to redeem with legal-tender money the necessary to say that this crime was more prevalent here than in any other city, certainly in this country, and he read an article from a medical magazine as to the growth of it. It was unsatisfied to the control of the necessary to say that this crime was atrocious, for it was not only murder, but the taking of life of the weak and helpless by one in whose hands (lod had placed its keeping. If there was any excuse as to the fear that if the child for twelve months be receivable at par for cus-toms or any other obligation due the United States, and that when so received they shall be where infants are cared for.

where infants are eared for.

The lesson taught by the verdict is that a crime like this will cry aloud for vengeance to Heaven, and another that no lapse of time will conceal it. He had no doubt of the guilt of this party, and notwithstanding the lapse of time between the commission of the offense and the arrest and the efforts of able counsel. they find her convicted. The offense was an ovidence of the rudest barbarism, and if suffered to go unpunished by any country, that country would become a field of blood. The laws of this country prohibit brutal sports because of the demoralizing effects upon the popular.

in by many others, believe that the President will commute the sentence to imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of years.

"Sweethearts and Wives." The presentation of that glorious old comedy, "Sweethearts and Wives," at the Opera-House, altar. of the treaty has been transmitted to the State on the 23d instant, on the occasion of the testimonial benefit to Mr. John R. Gisburne, tendered him by a large number of prominent citizens, in recognition of the labor he has performed in "getting up" many excellent and successful entertainments for charitable and other worthy objects, promises to be one of the best and most interesting amateur performauces ever given here. Over 400 tickets have aiready been sold and many choice seats se-cured by prominent citizens. An interesting feature will be the enthusiastic ovation which will certainly greet the first entrance on the Gisburue in completing a perfect cast of the comedy. Her character is a prominent one, which she has played very successfully during

was crowded with a select audience to witness the nuptials of Mr. Henry Wegel and Miss some white silk, with flower veil and wreath with orange blossoms as ornaments. Mr. William Fuelling was the groomsman and Miss Sophia Acker, a beautiful blonde, presented a handsome appearance, attired in white, as bridesmaid. As the bridal party entered the church the organist, Mr. George Gadren, reu-dered in excellent style a wedding march. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. Kurtz, after which the bridal party returned to the residence of the bride's parents, where a reception was held, and they received the congratulations of their numerous friends.

Progress of the Southern Paulie Railroad . [Special dispatch to the Republican.] END OF THACK S. P. R. R.,

ARIZONA, April 12. Eight thousand six hundred feet of track laid yesterday. J. H. STROBRIDGE, Chief of Construction.

END OF THACK S. P. R. R.,

ARIZONA, April 13. Ten thousand six hundred feet of track laid J. H. STROBRIDGE, resterday.

THE LAST OF LENT.

Easter Etchings by Republican Reporters.

Some Remarks About the Day-Services at the Ascension-High Mass at St. Matthew's-Music and Flowers-How the Day was Observed at the Church of the Messlah-Other Easter Notes.

losopher, tells us that the evils which give us most concern are those impending ones that take it out in impending-or something to the same effect. It was this species of misfortune which troubled the fair sex yesterday on their way to and from the temple—an apprehension of rain that did not fall. The afternoon found these clouds for the most part dispelled. Sun-light—not rich and bountiful as, of all things, an Easter sunlight should be, but weak and

an Easter sunlight should be, but weak and sparse in its bestowal—made some amends for the morning's lack of select weather.

A series of reportorial glances within our chief temples developed the fact that Washington can go to church when it wants to do so. The ladies—God bless 'em—were out in full force, and such an aggregation of bewildering vernal toilettes as these carled and perfumed darlings presented was perfectly crushing.

THE ASCENSION.

THE ASCENSION.

This stately temple of the Episcopal faith was througed at all the services, it being necessary to provide additional and impromptu seats

In the afternoon the Easter festival of the Ascension Sunday school and St. Andrew's Mission Sunday school was held in the church, when Easter cards of tasteful design were dis-tributed to those children whose names were on the roll of honor. The offering on this oc-casion amounted to about \$350. Mr. Henry W. Garnett is the superintendent of the Ascen-sion school, and Mr. Harry C. Towers has charge of the St. Andrew's Mission School. In the evening, at eight o'clock, service was held by the Right Rev. Dishop Pinckney, Rev. Dr. Elliott, and Rev. Dr. Ames. The former

a cross, over which appeared a crown, both formed of exquisite blooms. On either side of these an intricate design in flowers was arranged, consisting of a circle, within which the signs "Alpha," Omega," and "Chikho" were displayed. The baptismal font contained a choice gathering of lities.

The Election to Have Been Held To-Day Postponed by the Court.

The hearing in the case of A. C. Richards et gathering of lities.

ST. MATTHEW'S. cause of the demoralizing effects upon the population, and nothing could be more demoralizing that prompts such misrepresentation.

An Advanced Commercial Treaty.

In 1897 the governments of Gormany and Austria-Hungary entered upon a practical test of a system of liberal commercial relations between those countries. After enjoying for ten years the reciprocal advantages thus established, these governments that prompts such misrepresentation.

The chamber was well filled, and in the auditation, and nothing could be more demoralizing that the commission of infanticide. He then sentenced the prisoner to be hung on the 20th of June next, between the heurs of twelve m. and two p. m., the same time fixed of the execution of James Peyton, convicted of the murder of Jacob Day.

There is no expectation that this woman will suffer the penalty imposed as her counsel that the adjournment of years the reciprocal advantages thus established, these governments and condemn into spirit that prompts such misrepresentation.

Father Ryan officiated, and Father Loyle acted as deacon, with a scholastic from Georgetown as descendent in the pastor. Father Ryan officiated, and in the auditable and the college as subdeacon. The pastor, Father Boyle, preached an excellent sermon from the gospel of the day, dwelling especially upon of the counted that the was disciples and Peter that He gooth before you will suffer the penalty imposed as her counsel. The relamber was well filled, and in the auditable and the college as subdeacon. The pastor, Father Boyle, preached an excellent sermon from the gospel of the day, dwelling especially upon the work found therein: "But go, tell-His like Hoo counsel that he was disciples and Peter that He gooth before you for the clamber was well filled, and in the auditable and the college as subdeacon. The pastor, Father Ryan officiated, and in the auditable and the college as subdeacon, The pastor, Father Ryan officiated, and in the descent in the clamber of the clamber of the clamber of the clamber of the d great taste. Its numerous burning tapers heightened the beauty of a profuse floral display. The flowers were of a choice kind, and filled with delightful perfumes the spacious sanctuary. Conspicuous among them were several stately calla lilies in covered nourishers, which occupied the highest position on the

> ST. ALOYSIUS. High mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Whiteford, S. J., with Father Dennis Kelly as deacon and Mr. Judge, a Jesuit scholastic, as subdeacon. Mr. Rodock, S. J., was master of ceromonies. Father Farhan delivered an elequent discourse, based upon the day's gospel. The altar presented a beautiful appearance. Some distinctive features in its decoration were noticed. A large cross of evergreen occupied a place in the centre of the picture over the aitar and was garlanded with flowers. The two white vases used in the repository were disposed on either side of the tabernacle and bore fragrant blooms. A large congregation attended the service. attended the service.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH.

The services at the Church of the Messiah
(Reformed Episcopal), on the corner of Fourteenth and S streets, were of a very interest ing character. The congregation was large, and the singing was very fine, under the able man-agement of Mrs. Griffin (the organist), Miss agement of M. Smith, Miss Jewel, and others. The rec-tor, J. B. North, took for his text I. Corin., 15, 20—"But now is Christ risen from the dead." He noticed Christ's declarations in regard to His death and resurrection, and the weaknes of the argument that the Disciples stole the The speaker said that the Disciples were too timid, and that the time of the yea was against their stealing the body of Christ being the full of the moon, also the time of the Jowish Passover. The character of those who swore that they saw Him again in the flesh at-ter His crucifixtion and the miracles wrought by His Disciples prove the truth of this doctrine. After the sermon the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered to a large The Church of the Messlah is continually

adding to its members.

ST. AUGUSTINE'S.

The Rev. Father Barotti celebrated high mass, Father Tarro acting as deacon and Mr. Ferguson, S. J., as subdeacon. Father Tarro reached a fine sermon, his theme being the resurrection. The choir, led by Professor Thierbach, acquitted itself most creditably. The altar decorations were of a becoming observation.

character.
AT THE REFORM SCHOOL. Easter services were held yesterday in the large school-room at the Reform School by Rev. Samuel Kramer. Among those present were A. J. Falls, esq., president of the board of trustees, several other members of the board, a number of prominent ladies and gentlemen from Washington, and the managers and teachers of the school. After singing and prayer Mr. Kramer read the twenty-eighth chapter of Matthew, which he explained with comments, telling the boys, numbering 170, about Easter and why it was kept, and why towers were used. He alluded to spring, after the hard winter, when buds were shooting forth, all nature rejoicing, the singing of birds, the voice of the turtle-dove—all were happy; Easter services were held yesterday in th

ond, to offset physical death. He gives powerflotriumph over it; (examples of Christian triumph over death were cited to show it had lost its terrors); third, after death is life eternal? What this means he said he did not know. "Eye hath not seen." We only know that it is eternal companionship with Christ and the millions who have come up through great tribulations and have washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb.

SUMMARY OF HOME NEWS.

General Grant's Popularity with His Countrymen.

An Incident of a New York Entertainment—Attempts to Enforce the Sunday Laws

An Incident of a New York Entertainment—purse of \$300, the first horse to receive \$250 and the second \$300, two miles. The starters were Leroi, Ella Rowell, Kingsland, Willie H.

FOUNDRY CHURCH.

Rev. Dr. Laushan occupied the pulpit of the Foundry Church yesterday morning, and preached an able and appropriate Easter sermion, taking for his text, "The Lord is risen indeed." An evergreen arch was stretched across the platform from right to left over the pulpit, with the words, "All hall! The Lord is risen indeed," in gilt letters. On the left of the platform was an evergreen shield, bearing the words, "Peace I leave with you." On the right of the platform was a similar shield, bearing the words, "Le! I am with you always."

EASTER NOTES. FOUNDRY CHURCH. The music in all the Episcopal and Catholic

churches was fine.

At St. Mark's P. E. Church, ewing to the illness of the soprano, Mrs. Dayton S. Ward, the services were conducted without masic.

The new organ at the Church of the Immac-

ulate Conception was opened yesterday for the first time, on the occasion of the Easter services. It is one of the finest instruments in the city.

### The Great Revival.

There is no abatement in the great interest manifested in the revival services at Hamline gelist, Rev. Mr. Harrison, gave one of his most carnest exhortations, and while he was pleadthe great congregation were in tears and the greatest interest prevailed among the congregation. As Mr. Harrison invited the penitents to come to the altar persons came from all parts of the house, until about forty persons were bowed in prayer, seeking religion, and Hamline Church for some weeks to come, as the interest is so great.

The Nineteenth Street Baptist Church. Rev. G. W. Brodie, pastor of the Union Bethel Church, delivered a special sermon before the Young People's Christian Association of the Ninetcenth Street Baptist Church yesterday afternoon. The text was chosen from the second chapter of Hebrews, third verse: "How shall we escape if we neglect so great salvation?" The speaker in the course of his remarks portrayed a simplified plan of salva-tion, to which he invited the carnest attention

# THE MUTUAL COMPANY.

il against the old board of managers of the The high mass was very largely attended. Mutual Fire Insurance Company was contin-Father Ryan officiated, and Father Boyle acted ued before Justice MacArthur last Saturday.

mise, under which an election could be held

controlled by the officers of the court. He had prepared a decree embodying that view, and, if ecceptable, would present it for signature. His Honor wished to know if the other side and seen it. Mr. Davidge replied that they had not, and

not present the day before, but had been in-formed of what then transpired. He did not know if he had any objection to making some know it he had any objection to making some such arrangement if it could be done in ne-cordance with law and within the power of the court. They did not propose to have this property tied up in court for any length of time. They did not ask for a receiver to wind up the affairs of the concern, but merely to take charge of the office and presenty until the charge of the office and property until the question under discussion was settled. He did not object to the election proposed, provided that the court had the power, and they were

treading upon reasonably safe ground.

There had been an election participated in by the old board of managers, and if it had been properly conducted under the by-laws and the charter, then the officers thus chosen were the legitimate ones of the company, and there was no way to dispose of them except for cause. This being the case, it seemed to him that the power was exhausted. With all re-spect for the suggestions that have been made, he was of the opinion that if this board was regularly elected under the law to go into a new election would be a course not authorized and a proceeding of supercrogation. If the slection was not valid then they would be willing to consent to the proposition that had been made, but that point would have to be

lecided first.

His Honor. Well, that involves the merits of the case, and we might as well proceed. Lengthy arguments were then made on both sides, and the entire day consumed in this

nanner.
His Honor decided that he had jurisdiction in the case, and that it was proper for a ben-eficiary to bring suit to restrain the holders of his trust. He said he would for the present dieet that the advertised election should not take place until further order of the court. If called upon to decide the whole case at once he would rave to direct a new election, to take place under the direction of commissioners to be ap-pointed by the court, but he preferred to let the complainants or the new board proceed at

The plaintiffs intend to further contest the ciery. ease, and another suit will be filed this week.

Last Saturday evening a number of policy
holders of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company met at Polkinborn's Hall, for the pur pose of discussing the action of the court in

at Newark-Disentiafaction Amena the Indians-A Daving Safe Robbery - Telegraphic-Disputch Case, &c.

Euthusiasm for General Grant. NEW YORK, April 13 .- Last night the specacle of "Little Red Riding Hood," which has proved a popular success, was presented, among other entertainments, at the Aquarium, its final tableau, representing the distinguished characters of history, being hailed with great enthusiasm. An indication of the popularity of "the man on horseback" was afforded in the surprisingly hearty reception given to the little fellow who personated General Grant. Gentlemen stamped with their feet, rappet with their canes, and cheered lustily, while the ladies waved their handkerchiess and slapped their hands with a will as he appeared and

## saluted the audience.

Sunday Law at Newark, N. J. NEWARE, N. J., April 13.-The chief of police on Saturday notified the saloon keepers M. E. Church. Last night the Young Evan- and proprietors of places where theatrical amusement is given to close up on Sanday. To-day the majority of the saloons have their ing with the people to be reconciled with God front doors closed, but in many side doors are open and the places are lighted up. In the Academy of Music there was a performance of "Pinsfore" this evening and performances took place in other places. Up to nine o'clock four saloons were reported to the chief of police. The law and order society's agents have made one arrest.

non said that the Cheyennes and Arapahoes were sulky and would bear close watching. The capture and turning over to the civil author-ities for trial of the Cheyenne chief who led the raid last year caused a great deal of dis-satisfaction, and other tribes sympathize with them. Cannon thinks they can be quieted, however, and kept on their reservation' if prompt and early measures are taken."

Indians Hungry and Dissatisfied. BISMARCK, D. T., April 12.-A telegram from Fort Buford, the nearest post to the British lines, says the Indians are becoming restless and beginning to move. The Yanktons are administered the rite of confirmation to a class of his hearers. The church was crowded with an audience comprising the leading colored citizens of the clamed contained but few floral adornments. Above the communion table there was no some which amount of the communion table there was no some which amount of the communion table there was unsually fair, and will no doubt attract large audiences every Sunday afternoon. is the main cause. Infinitis from several nois-tile camps have made overtures to the Gros-Ventres and the other peaceable tribes, with offers of presents, asking them to join their hostile movements. Unless more provisions are granted they will nearly all units, and the various tribes once comented, the Indians of the country will make a bloody campaign.

Murdering Indians Captured.

DEADWOOD, April 13-, The small hand of Inians who a few days ago killed and scalped Private Leo Bader, of the Second Cavalry, and

# A Bold Robbery.

NEW YORK, April 13 .- The provision and pork-packing establishment of Figge & Bro., at the corner of Atlantic and Smith streets, Brooklyn, was broken into by burglars at an Mr. Davidge replied that they had not, and he supposed that the first thing to know was whether or not they would consent.

Mr. Merrick said that unfortunately he was that they were professional thieves. They entered the side door by means of false keys and proceeded to the safe and drilled a hole in the outer plate of the safe door. They then inserted some gun powder and exploded it, tearing the outer and inner plates apart and wrenching the lock off. This was done so eleverly that no damage was caused to the building. A family in the building heard the explosion, but paid no attention to it, thinking it was something that had fallon. A passer-by also heard the noise and thought it was a boiler expleding, but, seeing no person around, went his way. The burglars get about \$600 in bill, and silver, \$1,500 in bank stock, some deeds and notes, and a life insurance policy on the life of Mr. Figure. They averlaged \$150. the life of Mr. Figge. They overlooked \$150 in trade dellars. The police were notified and detectives put on the chase.

# Will Not Produce the Dispatches.

St. Louis, Mo., April 12.-E. H. Brown, manager of the Western Union Telegraph office here, was before the grand jury again today and refused to produce the telegrams called for by the subpoena daces teers, whereapon the case was reported to the Criminal Court, and Judge Laughlia ordered Mr. Brown into the custody of the city marshal. He is construct-ively in jall for contempt, but as this is a test case he will not be actually incarcerated.

Funeral of General Richard Taylor. New York. April 13.-The funeral of the late General Richard Taylor took place to-day from the Church of the Transfiguration. Rev. as an article of food in their horrible and dis Dr. Houghton read the burial services, and among those in the church were Royal Phelps, at these barbaric rites are lescribed by a genfrom the Church of the Transfiguration. Rev. ex-Governor S. J. Tilden, ex-Mayor Wickham, President Jowett (of Eric Railroad), General Smith, Parke Godwin, and Charles A. D.ma. By special request, there were no floral offer-ings. The pail-bearers were Hon, Hamilton Fish, Charles O'Conor, Secretary William M. Evaris, D. D. Withers, William R. Travers, the complation is or the new source proceed at law by an action of quo warranto or a petition for a mandamus to compel the old board to declare why they held their places in face of the election.

The remains were interred in the Marble Completion.

# LOUISIANA JOCKEY CLUB.

First Day of the Spring Meeting. NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—This was the first day of the spring meeting of the new Louisectors of the company, and postponing an iana Jockey Club. There was a good attend-dection which it was proposed to hold to-day or an indefinite period. Mr. G. W. Shiles pre-land and W. L. Shiles pre-

seterday.

J. H. STROBRIDGE,
Chief of Construction,
Bowing Natch Made.

Rowing Natch Made.

Rowing Natch Made.

New Loxpox, Conn., April 12.—Representatives of the freshmen crows of Harvard and greed to row an eight-cared three-miles of the freshmen crows of Harvard and greed to row an eight-cared three-miles of the freshmen crows of Harvard and greed to row an eight-cared three-miles of the freshmen crows of Harvard and greed to row an eight-cared three-miles of the freshmen crows of Harvard universelection, the singlet of the same agreed upon.

Columbia Colleges met in this city to-day, and agreed to row an eight-cared three-miles of the freshmen crows of Harvard universelection while it was a speed upon.

Columbia Colleges met in this city to-day, and agreed to row an eight-cared three-miles of the freshmen crows of Harvard universelection while the scholars He safety and while it was proposed to the gradual transfer of the scholars of \$200, the first brows was a hurdle race for a purso decide, and Mr. J. S. Edwards acted as secretary. No business of importance was transmitted, but a majority of those present discussed the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as discount for the subject at length, after which as d

track Gabriel sold for \$25, Buckshot for \$29, and Sam Eckes for \$29.

The third and last race was for all ages—purse of \$390, the first horse to receive \$250 and the second \$50; two miles. The starters were Leroi, Ella Rowell, Kingsland, Willie H., Judge Hancock, Essilliah, and Blue Gown. The race was won by Essiliah, by half a length, with Judge Hancock second and Kingsland third, heating Blue Gown, Ella Rowell, Leroi, and Willie H. in the order named. Time—3:394.

Coal-Mining Prospects.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.-A special to the Smes from Huzelton, Pa., says: "It is learned good authority that a movement is on foot for the formation of a combination, with every comise of success, at an early day. This Packer, of the Lebigh Valley Road, who sees the necessity of doing something. In connec tion with this comes a proposition indirectly from the Lehigh operators to adopt what is known as Cox's basis of wages and contract prices—that is, the basis of 1875—when coal is \$5 at tide, but with a sliding scale above and below of 14 per cent. The sliding scale on the bosts of 1875, and the basis generally at present basis of 1875, and the basis generally at present in force in this region, is only 10 per cent. As it is not likely that coal will reach more than \$5, and the proposition is to maintain it at from \$5.50 to \$1 per ton, it is questionable whether the arrangement would give any sat-isfaction to the men. The operators are in a very go d humor with the prospects, and say they will yet have a good and profitable season."

## The Stanley Court-Martial.

NEW YORK, April 12 .- The court-martia which is trying General D. S. Stanley on harges preferred by General W. B. Hazer held a short session at army headquarters in were bowed in prayer, seeking religion, and among the seekers were a largo number of young men. Before the meeting closed a number of persons professed conversion. Mr. Harrison's power over the crowds that nightly attend his services is certainly remarkable, and at every meeting increasing success attends his earnest labors. With the young men Mr. Harrison seems always to have great influence, and numbers are converted at every sorvice, and numbers are converted at every sorvice. It is expected Mr. Harrison will continuous them the proposed of the indians of the second Mr. Harrison will continuous them to come, as the converted at every sorvice. It is expected Mr. Harrison will continuous the make another raid north this season. Can be former represented by counsel. F. L. Hosmer, a Times reporter, was recalled in respector from the Southern Indian agency, regarding the reported design of the Indians to make another raid north this season. Can be former represented by counsel. F. L. Hosmer, a Times reporter, was recalled in the strength of the active of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons to the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons to the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons to the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons to the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons to the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons to the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons to the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons the country of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons the this city to-day. A full board was present and gard to some portions of the article he published in that journal, which witness said were statements of the accused to him. These related to Hazen being seen by several persons away from his brigade when it was engaged in battle at Shiloh. The Judge-Advocate offered a latter in evidence which General Stanley a letter in evidence which General Stanley wrote to General Sherman regarding the charges against General Hazza, and conisel for Stanley opposed its admission without in-dorsements, but the board decided to admit the letter without indersements. The session was then adjourned until Monday, as the Judge-Advocate said this was as far as he could go on with the case to-day, as some papers which he had expected from Washington had not ar-rived.

Negroes on the Rappahannock Happy.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 13.-Diligent inquiry does not confirm the report that negroes along the Rappahannock River had caught the emigration fever. Between here and Chesapesko Bay many negroes are en-gaged in fishing and oystering, and they are as prosperous and happy as the whites. They could not be persuaded to leave this section for the North or West.

# Tax on Horse Races.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 12,-Judge Wallace of the United States District Court, to-day decided the case of the United States against the Buffalo Driving Park in favor of the defend-ants. The suit was brought for the recovery of 2 per cent. of the gate receipts, under section 108, chapter 73, laws of 1861. This is consid-ered a test case, and of interest to all similar associations.

Savings Bank Suspended.

SCHANTON, PA., April 13 .- The Providence once Pa., suspended vesterday, being musble to meet its obligations after having taken advantage of the sixty-days law. The liabilities are \$75,000 and the assets \$100,000, principally in notes and bonds, of which probably not more than half can be collected. • A Treasurer Who Robbed Himself,

CANDIA, N. H., April 13 .- Upon the repre entations of a committee which was appointed to investigate the affairs of B. R. Ingalls, late town treasurer, who claimed to have been obbed of \$3,700 on the 4th of March last, the grand jury found an indictment against him for embezzlement. lugalls was arrested this morning. South American Cappibals

The Panama Star and Herald prints the folowing: A curious story comes to us, upon the authority of the prefect of the district of

Caqueta, in the State of Cauca, and on the orders of the Brazilian Empire, of hostilities between savage Indian tribes, which are marked by the atrocities common to Central Africa or the islands of the South Sea. On the desolate lands of the lower part of the River Caqueta live two tribes of Indians-the Hultotes and Gauques-between whom appears to be an endless feud. What the original cause of the sanguinary wars between these two tribes may have been is unknown, but the fact remains that they seem to exist but to destroy and aunihi ate each other in the most terrible manner, Although the tribes of the Guaques engage in commerce with any who may visi their territory, they are nevertheless veri-table cannibals, so far as the Huitotes are concerned, whom they him as they would wild beasts, with the object of making prisoners, whom they sell asslaves in Beazillar territory, or reserve for a worse fata serving up the still pulpitating bodies of their victims tleman named Guzman, a Colombian, who, it commercial purposes, visited the country in habited by these tribes. The buildings or temples in which the vic

tims are sacrificed are about thirty metres square, with soveral doors on each side, and which will accommodate about forty individ-uals. The victim selected is led by the hand by a chief several times up and down before the assembled savages, and shouts and laughter the most informal. The trembling captive is the most informal. The tremoling captive is obliged to pass out and in through the various doors, and at last is allowed to remain standing for a few moments in the centre of the building in the midst of the savage destroyers.

Then, without a word of warning, the savage chief attacks the helphes creature with a club, knocking him senseless or dead with the iana Jockey Club. There was a good attendance. The weather was clear and pleasure, and the track was in good condition.

The first race was a hurdle race for a purse of \$200, the first horse to receive \$150 and the second \$300; mile heats over furchard the first burse are in turn expected to the first horse to receive \$150 and the second \$300; mile heats over furchard the first horse to receive \$150 and the second \$300; mile heats over furchard the first horse to receive \$150 and the second \$300; mile heats over furchard the first horse to receive \$150 and the second \$300; mile heats over furchard the first horse to receive \$150 and the second \$300; mile heats over furchard the first how, and proceeds to dismember and divide the body among those present, who depends to the sold with the first blow, and proceeds to dismember and divide the body among those present, who depends to first blow, and proceeds to dismember and divide the body among those present, who depends to first blow, and proceeds to dismember and divide the body among those present, who depends to first blow, and proceeds to dismember and divide the body among those present, who depends the body among the body lub, knocking him senseless or dead with th

# MORNING NEWS BY CABLE.

Continued Troubles of the English Laboring Class.

Miners Determined to Resist a Reduction of Wages - Egyptian Complications - A Mission to Cabul-Fears of a Burmese War - Inhumanity of Russian Officials-Murder of Prisoners.

English Labor Troubles. NEWCASTLE, April 13.-The proposition of the coal miners that wages be reduced now 6 to 71 per cent. for various classes of work. and that the remainder of the masters demands be submitted to arbitration, has been rejected. A long and fruitless discussion followed this action. Meetings were held to day at which 17,000 men were present. They declared their determination to resist the mas-

ters' demands. LONDON, April 14. -The musters' committee at Durbam has finally agreed to call a general meeting on Wednesday to discuss the proposals of the miners, though the committee first passed resolutions declaring those proposals had increased the difference. The men at twenty more collieries will strike to-day, the majority of them because of threats.

A BUBMISE WAR PROBABLE.

LONDON, April 14.—Reuter's dispatch from
Rangeon states that the Khog of Burmah has
lost all influence, and his Ministers are sgain

suprome.
A dispatch to the Standard from Tyetyo says:
"Three steamers are in rendiness here to carry
troops beyond the frontier, should the King of
Burmah suddonly declare war, as it is generally believed he intends to do."

VAKOOR KHAN'S RESISTANCE. London, April 14.—The Times' correspond-ent at Labore says Major Cavagnari will probably go to Cabul with a small except to en-deavor to convince Yakoob Khan of the futil-ity of resistance. Major Cavagnari is hopeful of success. He is a good authority, but per-liaps over sanguine. It is certain that Yakoob inciting the frontier tribes against the

EGYPTIAN TRIBULATIONS. London, April 13.—The Loudon Observer understands that official circles, both in Lou-lon and Paris, consider that recourse should not be had to the Sultan's authority to solve the Egyptian difficulty except after very careful deliberation. No steps will therefore be taken in reference to the Sultan's proposition until France and England have had a full opportunity of concerting a common course. A disputch to the Observer from Cairo states that ousiness is completely suspended, and is likely to remain so until the decision of England and France is known.

· GERMANY'S DESIGNS AT SAMOA. LONDON, April 14.—The Post's dispatch from Berlin states that Germany, though entertain-ing no idea of annexing the Samoan Islands, intends to protect German interests and pre-vent Americans from establishing themselves there to the detriment of other nations.

BUSSIAN ATROCITIES.

ST. PETERSHURG, April 12.—The Kieff correspondent of the St. Petersburg Journal gives the following account of the outbreak among the political prisoners last month, which was briefly mentioned by telegraph at the time: "The prisoners under arrest in the Kieff prison resolved some time ago to tunnel under the walls and escape. The scheme was betrayed by one of the conspirators. The authorities allowed the prisoners to continue the thorities allowed the prisoners to continue the exervation. When the tunnel was completed and the prisoners had entered it, one after the other, intending to come up through the open-ing beyond the prison precincts, the soldiers previously posted at the opening shot the escaping prisoners as they came up. When the bulk of the prisoners, terrified by the noise of the firing, stopped and remained in the tunnel soldiers were sent in from behind, Savings Bank and Trust Company of Provi- and the unfortunate wrotches, caught between two fires, were all shot down. The proceeding seemed to give the officials much amusement.

seemed to give the officials much anusement, and the director of the Kieff prison has been praised and decorated for having acted with such eleverness and decision."

The correspondent adds: "Quite in keeping with this is a statement published by the Russian chaplain in the central prison at Charkoff, in the official Eparchials Wedoncai Diocesus Intelligence). He declares that of 500 persons cetained at the prison 200 died within four months. One of the heaviest charges, it will be remembered, made by the Nihilists against the Russian official administration was brutal the Russian official administration was brutal treatment of prisoners, in consequence of which the health of most of them has broken down,

many dying and some being driven mad. ATTEMPT TO KILL PRINCE MILAN.
VIENNA, April 13.—The Tagblatt says a shell buried in the road exploded near Prince Milan while he was walking at Nish on Tuasday. His side-de-camp was wounded. It is not known whether the explosion was the result of a plot to assassinate the Prince.

CABLE SPARKS.

Lisnon, April 13.—The Queen has the pleu-risy. She is now improving, but is still weak. London, April 14.—Innocent, the Motropolitan of Moscow, and formerly Missionary Bishop of Alaska, is dead. ALEXANDRIA, April 13.—A great fire is rag-

ngs hundreds of yards long. LONDON, April 14.—A dispatch from Berlin to the Post says General Manteuffel has declined the governorship of Alsace-Lorraine. LONDON, April 14 .- A dispatch from Roma to the Standard says that Queen Victoria will probably visit the King and Queen of Italy at Monza.

London, April 14.-The Standard's dispatch from Rome says it is possible that Cardina Hohenlohe will go to Berlin on a confidential ROME, April 13,-General Garibaldi was

taken to the Quirinal to-day, and the King conversed with him privately in the carriage for half an hour. LONDON, April 14.-The Times' dispatch

from Vienna states that Russia has sent a dr-ular to the Powers, urging the hastening of the work of the various boundary commis-ions—above all, the one at work on the line of the Balkans. LONDON, April 14 .- The Daily News' dis-

patch from St. Petersburg states that the lim-peror, at the reception of the Ambassaturs to day, said all was going on very wall. The cor-respondent concludes from this that the pro-ject for a conference of the Powers is being favorably received.

Pire Record.

Thoy, N. Y., April 13.-Stone & Crandell's arn, at Green Island, together with eleven norses, was burned at 10:30 o'clock last night, Loss, \$7,000; Insurance, \$5,000. A reward of \$500 is offered for the arrest and conviction of the incendiary.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 13,-A wooden building on the wharf at Cape Vincent, owned by the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburgh Railroad Company, and occupied by customs o flicials, the American Express Company, and as a telegraph office, was borned last night. The loss on the building is \$2,500. The sales

have not yet been opened.

Danyille, Va., April 12,—A fire broke out on Bridge street at two o'clock this coording, destroying eight houses and same tobacce and personal property. Less, 88,000.

Wallshia, Minn., April 11.—A fire this manning destroyed the Compbell House and all buildings in the same block. Loss, \$10,000 primarance, \$7,000.